

The Times-Democrat.

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LIMA, OHIO, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1896.

PRICE THREE CENTS

A SHOCKING TRAGEDY.

The White Brothers Killed by a State Officer.

DID HE ACT IN SELF DEFENCE?

During a Dispute in a South Carolina Village L. J. Williams Shoots and Kills Two Brothers—All Parties Prominent.

McCormick, S. C., Dec. 1.—An altercation took place at Bethany church, Abbeville county, between L. J. Williams on one side and J. V. White and L. D. White, brothers, on the other, in which J. V. White was instantly killed and L. D. White fatally wounded, the latter dying in a few hours after the difficulty. Williams was severely cut in several different places.

He was assaulted by J. V. White and L. J. Williams came to his brother's assistance, both using their knives. Williams finally drew his pistol and fired on his assailants.

Williams, according to the evidence of bystanders, acted purely in self-defence. All were prominent people, Williams being a state officer, a member of the board of control of the state dispensary.

FIVE DEATHS.

Latest Reports From the Blizzard in the Northwest.

St. Paul, Dec. 1.—So far as learned only five lives have been lost in the blizzard. Of course nothing has yet been heard from the remote districts beyond the reach of the telegraph, and it may be another week before it can be positively stated that there has not been more serious loss of life.

The extremely cold weather has frozen the snow until the immense drifts have reached the proportions of gigantic icebergs and dynamite is being used to blast these out of the way. Ordinary picks and shovels being unable to make any impression on them. Stock on the ranges has undoubtedly suffered heavily and a fuel famine is threatened in many of the smaller towns in the Dakotas. The railroads are beginning to get their trains running again.

Tracing Typhoid Germs.

Glanbach, Germany, Dec. 1.—Professors Pfeiffer and Kalle, experimenting with typhus germs, like cholera germs, may be traced back to the existence in the blood of anti-typhoid substances. The typhoid bacillus is known to exist largely in well and spring water, and the fact that they are frequently the direct causes of infection is recognized by bacteriologists.

Trains Go Through.

St. Paul, Dec. 1.—The Great Northern road has opened up its line to the coast, and while trains are not yet running as usual they are getting through. The Northern Pacific expected to have its road opened, and a train from the coast will arrive in St. Paul.

An Ex-Senator Dead.

Philadelphia, Dec. 1.—Hon. John Scott, 71, ex-senator from Pennsylvania and formerly the general secretary of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, is dead. Mr. Scott was a member of the senate from 1869 to 1875, being succeeded by William A. Wallace.

Adjourned For a Week.

London, Dec. 1.—The further hearing of the suit of Earl Russell against Lady Selina Scott, his mother-in-law, and three men for criminal libel was adjourned for a week owing to the illness of Frederick Kast, one of the male defendants.

Demurrer Not Allowed.

New York, Dec. 1.—Judge Gaynor, in the Queens county court, Long Island City, announced his decision as to the demurrer filed by Mayor Gleason to the indictment found against him for violating the election laws. Judge Gaynor refuses to allow the demurrer.

Colliery Closed Down.

Ashland, Pa., Dec. 1.—Packer colliery No. 5, at Park Place, Pa., owned by the Lehigh Coal company, closed down for an indefinite period, presumably for repairs. Eight hundred men and boys are thrown out of employment.

Famous Horse Dead.

San Francisco, Dec. 1.—Morello, the once 3-year-old king of the turf, died at the Rees ranch in Contra Costa county. In his best days he was valued at over \$100,000.

Holding Secret Sessions.

London, Dec. 1.—The Pacific cable conference is meeting daily at the colonial office in secret session. The taking of technical evidence has been finished.

Killed by a Boiler Explosion.

Paris, Dec. 1.—Four persons were killed at Nanterre as the result of a boiler explosion in a carbon factory. The damage amounts to \$100,000.

It's Postmaster Mann.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The president has appointed H. F. Mann postmaster at Sudbury, Pa.

AN ADVERSE DECISION.

The Supreme Court Reverses the Nebraska Courts.

NO ELEVATOR AT ELMWOOD.

The Attempt of Farmers' Alliance to Secure a Grain Elevator on the Missouri Pacific Railroad Is Knocked Out.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The supreme court refused to grant the relief asked in the case of that state against the Missouri Pacific Railroad company.

It appeared that in this case the Farmers' Alliance of Elmwood, Neb., had sought and were refused the privilege of erecting a grain elevator at the town of Elmwood and that upon this refusal the board of transportation issued an order requiring the company to grant the privilege.

The Nebraska supreme court, when appealed to, rendered a decision adverse to the company which took out a writ of error to the United States supreme court. Justice Gray, in the course of his opinion, said that case involved no question of rates.

He dwelt upon the fact that the Alliance was not a corporation, but was a voluntary association of individuals. Under these circumstances, he said, the court was unanimously of the opinion that the proceeding was an attempt to take private property for private use without due process of law and in violation of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution.

CONTEST OVER AN ESTATE.

Alleged Nephew and Niece of Jacob Z. Davis Make Claims.

San Francisco, Dec. 1.—A contest was begun over the \$3,000,000 estate of Jacob Z. Davis, who died recently at Philadelphia. The contestants are Rev. Joseph P. Wilson, a Methodist minister of West Virginia, and Mrs. Catherine Stead, respectively nephew and niece of Davis.

The contestants state that the uncle's true name was not Davis, but Dediker, and that he changed his name when he came to California in 1848 that he might conceal his identity and the escape from an apprenticeship. His estate was left to two nieces of his wife, Lizzie Muir and Belle Curtis, and the contestants claim to be the only blood relatives and heirs of Davis. They allege mental unsoundness and undue influence as grounds for the contest.

GOODWIN DIVORCE SUIT.

The Court at San Francisco Dismisses the Case.

San Francisco, Dec. 1.—The divorce case of Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, was dismissed. The attorneys for Mrs. Goodwin wished the court to take some action against Goodwin because he had disregarded their subpoena and started for Portland, Or. An affidavit from Goodwin was read in which he deposed he had filed a dismissal of the divorce suit before Mrs. Goodwin filed her answer and that he had paid her \$15,000 in full settlement of her claims for alimony and support.

Tragedy in a Candy Store.

Boston, Dec. 1.—What will probably prove a double murder occurred in a little candy and suit store when H. H. Holmes shot W. H. Jordan, proprietor of the store, three times and the latter succeeded in cutting a deep gash in Holmes' throat before he fell to the floor exhausted from his own wounds. The trouble resulted from a quarrel over an unpaid bill. It is believed both men will die.

Colonel Hunt's Scheme.

Cincinnati, Dec. 1.—The First regiment Ohio National Guard will form a part of the escort to Major McKinley at the inauguration. Colonel Hunt has made an arrangement to have the appropriation for the annual encampment used to defray the expenses of the trip to Washington.

The Tenor Recovered.

Jena, Saxony-Weimar-Eisenach, Dec. 1.—The reports circulated in the United States that Max Alvary, the tenor, is critically ill, are misleading. He is now taking long excursions in the country.

Five Persons Perished.

Conway, Ark., Dec. 1.—The 2-story frame house of Sam Henderson, colored, three miles from town, was burned. Five of his children, two of whom were grown, perished in the flames.

Some Were Turned Away.

Lawrence, Mass., Dec. 1.—The Penber in mills of Lawrence started after a shutdown of four months. The mills employ 800 hands, but over 300 were turned away without work.

Crew Is Safe.

Cape Henry, Va., Dec. 1.—The schooner City of Philadelphia, with phosphate was stranded at Little Island. The crew is safe.

Banquet For Champions.

Princeton, N. J., Dec. 1.—On the evening of Friday, Dec. 3, the alumni of Princeton university will tender the members of its championship football team a banquet.

SITUATION IN HAWAII.

Hon. John W. Foster Talks About His Recent Visit.

FAVORS THE ANNEXATION.

The Ex-Secretary of State Says the Islands Are Prosperous—Some Opposition to Annexation by Labor Contractors.

Washington, Dec. 1.—John W. Foster, former secretary of state, has returned to Washington from a six weeks' visit to Hawaii, whither he went as the representative of the Pacific Cable company. In speaking of his visit Mr. Foster said:

"The condition of business in Hawaii is flourishing. The islands are prosperous and their future is bright. The Pacific mail has recently doubled its service, sending a steamer twice a month instead of once, as formerly, and a new line is soon expected to be established by the Japanese which will touch at the islands on the way to San Francisco. The people of Hawaii wish to be annexed to the United States."

"The present government has the approval of a majority of the native Hawaiians and there is no likelihood that there ever will be a restoration of the monarchy. The English and German element, however, believe it will interfere with their contract labor and so affect their interests commercially."

In Mr. Foster's opinion, however, annexation is the only way out of the situation in which Hawaii is placed.

NILSSON'S HUSBAND.

He Flatly Denies the Statement of Armas-Cardenas.

Madrid, Dec. 1.—The Count of Casa Miranda, the husband of Christina Nilsson, the singer, who is said to be the "confidential man" of the Spanish premier, Senor Canovas Del Castillo, flatly denies the statements made by Senor Armas-Cardenas in a pamphlet published in the United States on Nov. 26, the substance of which is that Cardenas met Miranda in Paris last summer and by Miranda's instrumentality submitted to Castillo a scheme to purchase the island of Cuba for \$100,000,000.

In an interview between Castillo and Cardenas, the former is said to have rejected the proposition with scorn and to have disdainfully remarked, referring to the United States, "A nation of shopkeepers guarantee the word of Spain?" Miranda says he has not had any relations with Armas Cardenas, author of the pamphlet, for several years past.

Several Millions.

Washington, Dec. 1.—A movement is well under way looking to the erection in Washington of one of the finest railroad terminal stations in the country, to be used by the Pennsylvania, the Chesapeake and Ohio and the Southern Railroad companies. It is expected that the station and the great yards which are comprised in the plan will involve the expenditure of several millions of dollars.

Suggests Retaliation.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Retaliation against the European countries that seek to destroy American trade is suggested by United States Consul General Max Judd at Vienna. He says that the Austrian glucose producers finding their trust powerless to meet the rates asked by Americans, appealed to their government and the latter has increased the duty on imported glucose.

Premiums on Loans.

Washington, Dec. 1.—J. Fount Tillman, the register of the treasury, in his annual report gives a condensed history of all the loans of the United States from 1776 to June 30, 1895. The report shows that the premiums of loans of the United States from 1773 to June 30, 1895, amounted to \$55,022,218, and the discount premiums paid, etc., on loans amounted to \$123,674,630.

Penalty of a Jag.

Mount Vernon, O., Dec. 1.—While under the influence of liquor Thomas Finn got up on a high pile of boards, at Roberts' lumber yard, to make a speech to his comrades. He toppled over and fell on a stake, one side of his face being nearly torn off. His injuries are serious.

Wheat Still Higher.

Washington, Dec. 1.—United States Consul Horton at Athens in a report to the state department says that in consequence of the bad wheat harvest in Russia, which supplies nearly two-thirds of the wheat used in Greece, prices of wheat are very high there and are still rising.

Foreclosure Proceedings.

Springfield, O., Dec. 1.—William W. Wilson has begun foreclosure proceedings against Amos Whitely and Wilson, Whitely & Company, reaper manufacturers, to recover notes amounting to \$120,000.

In Bad Condition.

Tyler, Tex., Dec. 1.—The First National bank has failed and is in bad condition.

THE BRYAN QUESTION.

Wm. W. J. Bryan Is Now the Election Affected Bimetallism.

New York, Dec. 1.—Mr. Bryan has a magazine article in which he discusses the result of the election as affecting the status of the silver question. The issue on which the election turned he describes as "the greatest issue ever submitted to the American people in time of peace."

The declaration of the Chicago convention in favor of free coinage of silver forced upon the people of this country a study of the money question in general; and in the last four months more people have seriously engaged in its consideration than ever before in the history of the world. The result of this study, Mr. Bryan declares, to be "temporary defeat, but permanent gain for the cause of bimetallism."

In Mr. Bryan's opinion the cause of bimetallism made more rapid progress than any cause ever made in such a short time. He expresses his assurance that the election can be by no means regarded as conclusive settlement of the question at issue.

The advocates of free coinage are convinced, he says, that they are laboring in behalf of a large majority of the people, not only here but throughout the world, and according to the writer, they propose to continue their contest, confident that four more years of experience will convince many who have thus far resisted arguments.

Mr. Bryan counsels the successful party to remember that thousands of Republicans have been held to their party this year by the pledge that it will try to secure international bimetallism.

In reference to the gold standard Democrats Mr. Bryan feels assured that they can not do as much in 1900 as they have done this year. "They can not," he says, "disguise themselves again."

TO ABANDON A GRAVEYARD.

Prospect of Legislation Incident to Ex-President Harrison's Tomb.

Cincinnati, Dec. 1.—There is about to be a local disturbance over a graveyard contiguous to the tomb of Ex-President William H. Harrison. The Harrison heirs claim that the cemetery in question is their property and they gave notice to the township trustees that they will be held responsible if they attempt any act of ownership.

It is said that the Harrison heirs propose to remove to the vicinity of Harrison's tomb the remains of John Cleve Symmes and other historic occupants of the cemetery, and then sell the cemetery for town lots, using the money thus obtained to improve the resting place of the disinterred dead. The friends of other occupants of the ground are opposed to the abandonment of the cemetery and will push their objections into court if necessary.

Shrinkage in Capital.

Rochester, Dec. 1.—A special from Lima says that the Lima and Honeoye Falls railroad has been sold at auction. P. C. Gilbert, president of the Bank of Lima, bid it in for the local bondholders at \$1,000. The railroad when built a little over three years ago, cost \$80,000. A considerable portion of the money was loaned by Michigan capitalists. So little interest had the Michigan men in the sale that they did not send a representative to attend the sale.

Highest of all in Leavening Strength.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FLOOD IN WISCONSIN.

An Ice Gorge in the Mouth of the Chippewa.

Eau Claire, Wis., Dec. 1.—An ice gorge formed at the mouth of the Chippewa and has caused the water to back up rapidly. On the low lands below Durand the rise was so rapid that many families had to flee in their nightgowns to places of safety. The suffering among the women and children was intense and many are reported as having frozen feet and limbs.

An engine and coach sent out from Durand gathered up about 40 or 50 of these unfortunate people, but so fast was the water rising that the train had to go back to Durand. It is thought that some of the people were not reached by the rescuing party and possibly may have perished. The bottoms are all under water and the stock and produce are a complete loss. In most of the homes were stored the winter supplies and these were all lost.

Farms and farm buildings along six miles of the Chippewa valley are added to hourly at the rate of six inches, and before morning, unless the gorge breaks, this city will be partly under water.

EXAMINING THE PUGS.

Fitzsimmons and Sharkey Are in Very Good Trim For the Big Fight.

San Francisco, Dec. 1.—Sunday was doctors' day at the quarters of Fitzsimmons and Sharkey. The same physician waited upon both men, and he was there as the representative of the National Athletic club. His object was to tap chests and test lungs, and satisfy himself that the men were in sound enough condition generally to bear the brunt of as hard a contest as it is popularly believed Wednesday night's event will prove to be.

Fitzsimmons' normal chest measurement was 39 inches. Under forced exhalation it is 37½ inches, and under forced inspiration it measured 44 inches. The only defect in Fitzsimmons was a slight attack of cold in the head, which will quickly pass off. Sharkey's normal chest measurement proved to be 41 inches; with forced exhalation it was 39½ inches and with forced inspiration 44 inches.

Receiver For Traction Company.

Philadelphia, Dec. 1.—Judge Dallas, in the United States circuit court, appointed William B. Given of Columbia, Pa., receiver of the Pennsylvania Traction company, which operates 69 miles of trolley railway in Lancaster county. It is understood that the proceedings were instituted by those friendly to the present management, and that steps will be taken at once looking to a reorganization of the property. The road cost over \$3,000,000.

Disastrous Flood Threatened.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Dec. 1.—A disastrous flood threatens Chippewa Falls. An ice gorge has formed in the Chippewa river near The Dalles, and

the water of the river is backing steadily into the town. Great excitement prevails in this city. The thermometer registers five degrees below zero.

One Bryan Elector.

Sacramento, Dec. 1.—Final returns from Santa Clara county, completing the state returns show that Martin, Bryan elector, has defeated Flinn, McKinley elector, by 492. This gives McKinley eight electors from California and Bryan one.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Nov. 30.

New York.
Wheat—Family, \$9.00; extra mess, \$7.00; extra, \$6.00; cut mess, \$5.00; picked berries, \$4.00; picked shoulders, \$3.00; picked hams, \$2.00; large Western steers, \$1.00; 100-lb. mess, \$8.00; family, \$10.00; 100-lb. cut, \$8.00.
Butter—Western, dairy, \$8.00; creamery, \$10.00; do factory, \$7.00; Eggs—state large, \$1.00; small, \$1.00; quail skins, \$1.00; full skins, \$2.00; Eggs—state and Pennsylvania, \$2.00; western fresh, \$1.00.
Wheat—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$1.00; No. 3, \$1.00; No. 4, \$1.00; No. 5, \$1.00; No. 6, \$1.00; No. 7, \$1.00; No. 8, \$1.00; No. 9, \$1.00; No. 10, \$1.00; No. 11, \$1.00; No. 12, \$1.00; No. 13, \$1.00; No. 14, \$1.00; No. 15, \$1.00; No. 16, \$1.00; No. 17, \$1.00; No. 18, \$1.00; No. 19, \$1.00; No. 20, \$1.00; No. 21, \$1.00; No. 22, \$1.00; No. 23, \$1.00; No. 24, \$1.00; No. 25, \$1.00; No. 26, \$1.00; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$1.00; No. 29, \$1.00; No. 30, \$1.00; No. 31, \$1.00; No. 32, \$1.00; No. 33, \$1.00; No. 34, \$1.00; No. 35, \$1.00; No. 36, \$1.00; No. 37, \$1.00; No. 38, \$1.00; No. 39, \$1.00; No. 40, \$1.00; No. 41, \$1.00; No. 42, \$1.00; No. 43, \$1.00; No. 44, \$1.00; No. 45, \$1.00; No. 46, \$1.00; No. 47, \$1.00; No. 48, \$1.00; No. 49, \$1.00; No. 50, \$1.00; No. 51, \$1.00; No. 52, \$1.00; No. 53, \$1.00; No. 54, \$1.00; No. 55, \$1.00; No. 56, \$1.00; No. 57, \$1.00; No. 58, \$1.00; No. 59, \$1.00; No. 60, \$1.00; No. 61, \$1.00; No. 62, \$1.00; No. 63, \$1.00; No. 64, \$1.00; No. 65, \$1.00; No. 66, \$1.00; No. 67, \$1.00; No. 68, \$1.00; No. 69, \$1.00; No. 70, \$1.00; No. 71, \$1.00; No. 72, \$1.00; No. 73, \$1.00; No. 74, \$1.00; No. 75, \$1.00; No. 76, \$1.00; No. 77, \$1.00; No. 78, \$1.00; No. 79, \$1.00; No. 80, \$1.00; No. 81, \$1.00; No. 82, \$1.00; No. 83, \$1.00; No. 84, \$1.00; No. 85, \$1.00; No. 86, \$1.00; No. 87, \$1.00; No. 88, \$1.00; No. 89, \$1.00; No. 90, \$1.00; No. 91, \$1.00; No. 92, \$1.00; No. 93, \$1.00; No. 94, \$1.00; No. 95, \$1.00; No. 96, \$1.00; No. 97, \$1.00; No. 98, \$1.00; No. 99, \$1.00; No. 100, \$1.00; No. 101, \$1.00; No. 102, \$1.00; No. 103, \$1.00; No. 104, \$1.00; No. 105, \$1.00; No. 106, \$1.00; No. 107, \$1.00; No. 108, \$1.00; No. 109, \$1.00; No. 110, \$1.00; No. 111, \$1.00; No. 112, \$1.00; No. 113, \$1.00; No. 114, \$1.00; No. 115, \$1.00; No. 116, \$1.00; No. 117, \$1.00; No. 118, \$1.00; No. 119, \$1.00; No. 120, \$1.00; No. 121, \$1.00; No. 122, \$1.00; No. 123, \$1.00; No. 124, \$1.00; No. 125, \$1.00; No. 126, \$1.00; No. 127, \$1.00; No. 128, \$1.00; No. 129, \$1.00; No. 130, \$1.00; No. 131, \$1.00; No. 132, \$1.00; No. 133, \$1.00; No. 134, \$1.00; No. 135, \$1.00; No. 136, \$1.00; No. 137, \$1.00; No. 138, \$1.00; No. 139, \$1.00; No. 140, \$1.00; No. 141, \$1.00; No. 142, \$1.00; No. 143, \$1.00; No. 144, \$1.00; No. 145, \$1.00; No. 146, \$1.00; No. 147, \$1.00; No. 148, \$1.00; No. 149, \$1.00; No. 150, \$1.00; No. 151, \$1.00; No. 152, \$1.00; No. 153, \$1.00; No. 154, \$1.00; No. 155, \$1.00; No. 156, \$1.00; No. 157, \$1.00; No. 158, \$1.00; No. 159, \$1.00; No. 160, \$1.00; No. 161, \$1.00; No. 162, \$1.00; No. 163, \$1.00; No. 164, \$1.00; No. 165, \$1.00; No. 166, \$1.00; No. 167, \$1.00; No. 168, \$1.00; No. 169, \$1.00; No. 170, \$1.00; No. 171, \$1.00; No. 172, \$1.00; No. 173, \$1.00; No. 174, \$1.00; No. 175, \$1.00; No. 176, \$1.00; No. 177, \$1.00; No. 178, \$1.00; No. 179, \$1.00; No. 180, \$1.00; No. 181, \$1.00; No. 182, \$1.00; No. 183, \$1.00; No. 184, \$1.00; No. 185, \$1.00; No. 186, \$1.00; No. 187, \$1.00; No. 188, \$1.00; No. 189, \$1.00; No. 190, \$1.00; No. 191, \$1.00; No. 192, \$1.00; No. 193, \$1.00; No. 194, \$1.00; No. 195, \$1.00; No. 196, \$1.00; No. 197, \$1.00; No. 198, \$1.00; No. 199, \$1.00; No. 200, \$1.00; No. 201, \$1.00; No. 202, \$1.00; No. 203, \$1.00; No. 204, \$1.00; No. 205, \$1.00; No. 206, \$1.00; No. 207, \$1.00; No. 208, \$1.00; No. 209, \$1.00; No. 210, \$1.00; No. 211, \$1.00; No. 212, \$1.00; No. 213, \$1.00; No. 214, \$1.00; No. 215, \$1.00; No. 216, \$1.00; No. 217, \$1.00; No. 218, \$1.00; No. 219, \$1.00; No. 220, \$1.00; No. 221, \$1.00; No. 222, \$1.00; No. 223, \$1.00; No. 224, \$1.00; No. 225, \$1.00; No. 226, \$1.00; No. 227, \$1.00; No. 228, \$1.00; No. 229, \$1.00; No. 230, \$1.00; No. 231, \$1.00; No. 232, \$1.00; No. 233, \$1.00; No. 234, \$1.00; No. 235, \$1.00; No. 236, \$1.00; No. 237, \$1.00; No. 238, \$1.00; No. 239, \$1.00; No. 240, \$1.00; No. 241, \$1.00; No. 242, \$1.00; No. 243, \$1.00; No. 244, \$1.00; No. 245, \$1.00; No. 246, \$1.00; No. 247, \$1.00; No. 248, \$1.00; No. 249, \$1.00; No. 250, \$1.00; No. 251, \$1.00; No. 252, \$1.00; No. 253, \$1.00; No. 254, \$1.00; No. 255, \$1.00; No. 256, \$1.00; No. 257, \$1.00; No. 258, \$1.00; No. 259, \$1.00; No. 260, \$1.00; No. 261, \$1.00; No. 262, \$1.00; No. 263, \$1.00; No. 264, \$1.00; No. 265, \$1.00; No. 266, \$1.00; No. 267, \$1.00; No. 268, \$1.00; No. 269, \$1.00; No. 270, \$1.00; No. 271, \$1.00; No. 272, \$1.00; No. 273, \$1.00; No. 274, \$1.00; No. 275, \$1.00; No. 276, \$1.00; No. 277, \$1.00; No. 278, \$1.00; No. 279, \$1.00; No. 280, \$1.00; No. 281, \$1.00; No. 282, \$1.00; No. 283, \$1.00; No. 284, \$1.00; No. 285, \$1.00; No. 286, \$1.00; No. 287, \$1.00; No. 288, \$1.00; No. 289, \$1.00; No. 290, \$1.00; No. 291, \$1.00; No. 292, \$1.00; No. 293,

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A. McGregor, the veteran editor of Canton, has again taken charge of the editorial department of that very excellent newspaper the News-Democrat. The entire newspaper fraternity of Ohio join in welcoming back to journalistic work this staunch old Democratic editor.

From Concord, New Hampshire, comes a dispatch that twenty-two savings banks in that state have failed during the last eighteen months, having deposits amounting to over \$17,000,000. The failures involve a loss to depositors of \$4,500,000. This is adversity, not prosperity, but the calamity is conferred to one small state and they still want the gold standard.

The sewer contractors who have blockaded the streets for several weeks longer than necessary with unsightly piles of dirt should be compelled to remove them at once. In all human probability the streets of Lima will soon be covered with snow, and then these same piles of dirt will become a menace to every person who drives along the street, for covered with snow, they become doubly dangerous, because the danger is hidden.

The result of the election of McKinley and the success of the single gold standard is being now very appreciably felt in this country. Last Saturday Dun's Review states that there were 300 business failures in the United States during the past week, against 278 during the corresponding week in 1895. The promised boom of prosperity which was to have accompanied McKinley's election seems to have been sidetracked, and a boom of adversity has come along in its stead. The increase of failures in November is about 7 per cent.

The Protectionists who talk of a renewal of the reciprocity policy of the McKinley law forget that it requires the consent of both parties to the agreement; and information which has reached Secretary Olney from Brazil goes to show that that country, having once been caught in the reciprocity trap, will not be so easily beguiled into entering it a second time. What the Brazilians hoped for, and what they had been led to expect, was an arrangement that would give their sugar trade an

advantage in competition with Cuba. Subsequently they found that they were in the same footing as the other favored nations. Having been once caught by this bait they will be shy of nibbling at it again, and the McKinleyites will find other parts of Pan-America equally averse to the verbiage of McKinley's jargon-handled reciprocity. — Philadelphia Record

The appeal made for aid for the poor from many Lima pulpits last Sunday suggested that the era of good times which the United States is supposed to be now enjoying as a result of the success of Hanna, McKinley and the gold standard, is not yet appreciable to those whom the Republican speakers and politicians promised would be given abundant and remunerative employment immediately the election were determined. But the suffering is here in our midst, so let us all make all needful personal sacrifice to help alleviate it.

It appears that 72 per cent. of the farms in the United States are free from mortgages. This is a fact, and a gratifying and rose-colored fact, which "knocks the stuffing" out of many loud and long-winded tarantulas. If further inquiry should be made it would doubtless be discovered that in a majority of instances the mortgages on the 28 per cent. of mortgaged farms represent money borrowed for improvements. The American farmer sometimes has occasion to growl; but take him for all in all, he is the most prosperous tiller of the soil and the most independent in the world.

The aid of the law of Ohio has been invoked in Columbus to determine who lost a bet on McKinley having a plurality of 50,000 in Ohio. The whole question will hang upon whether or not the men who voted for Bryan and Watson shall be disfranchised, or whether their votes cast in good faith shall be counted for Mr. Bryan, for whom they voted after Sam Taylor had compelled the Bryan and Watson ticket to have a place on the Australian ballot. In equity there would be no doubt as to the outcome of this novel lawsuit, but law and equity are often far apart.

RETRENCHMENT, REVENUE AND REST.

These three R's cover the pressing needs of the nation. To enforce Retrenchment, provide Revenue and insure Rest is the first and chief duty of congress at the coming session.

With the appropriations exceeding half a billion dollars for each session and the deficit running at the rate of nearly \$100,000,000 a year, it is not only possible but should be considered mandatory to put the pruning knife of retrenchment at work. This is what common sense and common honesty would dictate in private business. Does not the rule hold usually good in the public business?

Congress can without injury to the country cut down the appropriations at least \$25,000,000.

It can also, if it has the will, pass a law within a week to provide the additional revenue needed. It took through in two days last winter a plenary resolution carrying a menace of war with England. Can it not protect the treasury against a dangerous deficit with the same vigour? A continuing deficiency in a rich country like ours is a continuous disgrace. The third great need, dependent upon the meeting of the other two, is rest. Within six years we have had two complete overhauls of the tariff. Business has hardly become adjusted to the existing tariff and begun to prosper greatly under it when the proposal is made to rip it all up again. This is bad business and mad politics. An attempt to carry it into effect through an extra session of congress would act as a black frost on reviving confidence. It would again hang up business ventures on the tenter-hooks of uncertainty.

A year and a half was required to pass the McKinley bill and put it into effect. An equal time was exhausted in the struggle over the Wilson bill. Do the Republican extremists imagine that a radical new tariff would be permitted to go through in less time? What would become of the treasury—what would be the fate of business—meanwhile?

Senators Sherman and Allison, the ablest statesmen on the Republican side; Senator McMillan, the ablest business man among them, and Senator Quay, the ablest politician, all agree that a revenue bill should be passed at the approaching session. Sound Money Democrats agree and will cooperate with them. Silver Republicans say they will not obstruct the revenue policy of their party.

Is there not enough patriotism and common sense in the present congress to meet the three great needs of the country—Retrenchment, Revenue and Rest?—From the New York World Nov. 27.

Make the Most of It.

There is a certain man whose name is not known to the living world, but whose name is made known to all hearts and minds by the fact that he has been dead for many years.

He is a man who has been dead for many years, but whose name is made known to all hearts and minds by the fact that he has been dead for many years. He is a man who has been dead for many years, but whose name is made known to all hearts and minds by the fact that he has been dead for many years.

The patient takes his cue from the doctor and also makes the most of his symptoms. Was it not a disastrous day for the human race when it found out that it had a liver or that its health was gauged by the thermometer of its pulses? Almost as bad was it when people began to find out they had such an organ as the vermiform appendix. Now we go through the world with our hand upon our pulse, in mortal dread of the antics of liver and in daily terror lest we curl up with appendicitis.

If we thought as much about the good things that belong to us and the advantages we really possess as we do about our diseases, we would be healthier, handsomer and happier.

A Unique Enterprise.

A striking illustration of the great undertakings of this age is to be found in the work a lumber company is quietly carrying on in the southern part of Georgia. The ultimate idea of the company is nothing less than the drainage and redemption for farming purposes of the whole bed of the great Okefenokee swamp. It covers many thousand square miles. Its soil is a vegetable mold of great depth. When drained and brought under cultivation, it will give homes and farms to more than 100,000 people.

At present Okefenokee swamp is the most wonderful gaming ground in North America. A correspondent of The Globe-Democrat says you can bag any thing you want in it, from an alligator to a hummingbird. The drainage will be easy, as the great swamp is 102 feet above St. Mary's river, into which it empties.

Before the draining can be accomplished, however, the timber must be cut away, and that is the part of the task now engaging the company's attention. No horse or ox power could drag the huge cypress logs across the swamp to the sawmills. Floating engines are affixed firmly upon tugsboats that steam along canals. From the engine cranes are stretched a mile away and hooked around the log that is to be brought in. Then the engine is set to work turning the steam windlass, and through the mud the log is dragged to its destination.

"Hanging between life and death, at intervals conversing with his friends regarding his work," George L. P. B. Du Maurier, the most popular novelist of his time, passed his last hours. For 30 years he had been known as a distinguished artist, but the stories which he wrote in the last four years of his life prove him to have been even a greater novelist than artist. In the horrors and morbidity that present day fiction writers put before us Du Maurier's stories were like a green hill beside a slaughter house—wholesome, wind swept, sunshiny. His heroes and heroines, lovable, sincere, childlike and cheery, somehow always made us imagine that he himself was like them and that in them he painted his own character. Far removed from the clean, bright atmosphere of his stories were the baseness, trickery, rancidity and foulness which so many others who write well give us in fiction. For this reason Du Maurier could be worse spared than almost any two other novelists of the time. For his own sake, too, his death is lamentable. He was only beginning his career as a novelist, and at 62 a writer is not old.

Experienced newspaper readers know it was a lie when they saw the cable gram announcing that the poor little American dispatch boat Bancroft had been ordered to force her way through the Dardanelles with Minister Terrell standing upon her deck. It was too silly to be true.

In South Africa, as in the United States, an immense tract, probably four-fifths of South Africa, will raise great grain crops if irrigated. But there, as in the United States and elsewhere, the price of cereals is so low that it will not pay to go to the expense of irrigating.

The indication is that next year will see Turkey, like Egypt, a protectorate, not, however, like Egypt, a British protectorate, but a country governed by officers chosen by the joint action of the European powers. In order to hurry up the Turkish question the sultan is now reported as crazy, although he is probably not more insane than he has been any time in the past five years.

THEIR NEW TEACHER

The President's Choice. By Mrs. Frances F. Woodhouse.

The President's choice of a new teacher for the school at the White House is a matter of some interest. The President has chosen a young woman, Miss Helen M. W. Woodhouse, who is a native of the State of New York and who has been educated at the University of the State of New York.

Miss Helen M. W. Woodhouse is a young woman of about twenty years of age, who is a native of the State of New York and who has been educated at the University of the State of New York. She is a young woman of about twenty years of age, who is a native of the State of New York and who has been educated at the University of the State of New York.

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WAITING THEIR CHANCE

Men Who Hope to Profit When Cuba Shall Be Free.

When Cuba gains her independence, New York will lose an interesting little colony of men who have been watching eagerly the news of the Cuban rebellion for many months. Their interest in the island is not a sentimental one, but purely speculative. This colony represents various nationalities and all the professions.

They know that if Cuba ever throws off the Spanish yoke she will prove to be an extremely promising country to develop. They are going to be on hand to offer their services in the development process. One of these men said to me that he had gone to Olahena with the first expedition and had found on hand to get his share of the profits when other new traders were on the ground.

For a University of 20,000 Students. The Board of trustees of the University of the State of New York has decided to establish a new university, to be known as the University of the State of New York. The project has been warmly espoused by nearly all of the Board of trustees. The Rev. Russell Conwell, who has charge of the college, stated that it has 7,000 students and is on a paying basis. He felt sure that the new institution would have 20,000 students in a short time. A committee of 15 was appointed to consider the project and report at the next meeting.

Her Marvellous Cure. Miss Alice Shaffer of Germantown, Md., who for three years was unable to walk or speak above a whisper, was miraculously cured during a religious revival recently. At 8 o'clock Tuesday night she arose in her bed and began shouting and went to the scene of the revival, where she delivered an exhortation creating great religious enthusiasm. She is growing stronger daily. — Philadelphia Press.

Anecdote in Anecdote.

When the great is a story, it is a story. When the great is a story, it is a story. When the great is a story, it is a story. When the great is a story, it is a story. When the great is a story, it is a story.

The President's Choice.

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THE LOAVES AND FISH

TROUBLE IN STORE FOR MCKINLEY IN GIVING THEM OUT.

The Quadrangle Agency Which Every President Must Go Through—Army of Place Hunters That Besiege Him. He Will Not Know Best For Months.

Mr. McKinley will not really realize that he is president until the rush for place begins and then he will know beyond a doubt that he is not only in the highest office within the gift of the American people, but that he is the most important person of the office, the appointer of several thousand other officials to that.

The President's choice of a new teacher for the school at the White House is a matter of some interest. The President has chosen a young woman, Miss Helen M. W. Woodhouse, who is a native of the State of New York and who has been educated at the University of the State of New York.

SOLD HIS WIFE FOR \$500

She figures as a victim in a matrimonial transaction.

A man named Charles A. Smith, who is a native of the State of New York and who has been educated at the University of the State of New York, has sold his wife for \$500.

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SIX WIVES COOPERATE HIM.

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Pastor as a Healer.

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Denies That the East of Men Get Drunk.

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Oranges Raised in Arkansas.

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NECK BROKEN.

(Continued from Eighth Page.)

soon upon the scene, and upon examining the body Dr. Steuber found that

THE NECK WAS BROKEN.

The body had struck the iron ladder in front of the signal tower with such force that the ladder was bent. After the remains were taken to Graceland's morgue Coroner Steuber made a more careful examination and found that the deceased's chin was broken and there were three severe contusions of the scalp, but the skull was not fractured, and other than a few cuts and bruises on the arms and right hand, there were no external wounds below the broken neck.

The deceased was about 26 years of age and was the youngest son of Chris Ashton. His older brother, William Ashton, is also an employee at the Solar, and resides on South Metcalf street. He was among the first notified of the fatal accident and was soon beside the body of his unfortunate brother. The deceased was unmarried and boarded at one of the most prominent private boarding houses in the city. He was an industrious young man, with excellent habits, and was a trusted employee at the Solar.

The deceased's father, who resides in the Funk block, was notified of the accident about 9 o'clock. Three brothers and two sisters survive the deceased. The former are William Ashton, of South Metcalf street; L. J. Ashton, of West Wayne street; and Frank Ashton, of 633 North Main street. The two sisters are Mrs. Newt Ransbottom, of Monroe township, and Mrs. William Ritenour, of West Wayne street.

This afternoon the remains were removed to the residence of Frank Ashton, on North Main street. Arrangements for the funeral services have not been completed.

Free Pills

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen's and Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by H. E. Vorkamp, Druggist, n. e. corner Main and North sts.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardue, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at d. v. Vorkamp's, n. e. corner Main and North sts.

Date of Grand Army Encampment.

Buffalo, Dec. 1.—The national council of administration of the Grand Army met. It was decided to have the encampment in Buffalo the last week of August, beginning Aug. 23. During the meeting a telegram was received by Chief of Staff Winans of Ohio from President-elect McKinley. The telegram was as follows: "I will be pleased to see General Clarkson and staff in Canton on Wednesday."

Mr. T. E. O'Donnell, a well known druggist of Parsons, Pa., in speaking of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy says: "Several times in the last few years when suffering from cramp or diarrhoea I have made a personal test of the value of this remedy. The effect in each instance was almost immediate relief." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old post-office corner, C. W. Beister, 58 public square.

Senator Mason on Cuba.

Atlanta, Dec. 1.—United States Senator A. O. Bacon of Maine arrived in Atlanta. He said: "Unless opinion has changed very materially there is an undoubted majority in the present house and senate in favor of what some might call radical action—that is, the independence of the Republic of Cuba being recognized by the American congress."

One Creditor Seeks Replevin.

Detroit, Dec. 1.—Negotiations for a settlement of the claims of third mortgage creditors against the Mabey stock will be delayed. Cane, McCaffrey & Company, one of the creditors, will appeal to the supreme court for permission to replevin goods from the Mabey stock, the circuit court having ruled against issuance of replevins.

On His Wedding Trip.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—The police are searching for Isaac H. Newton of Washington, D. C., who passed a forged check. His real name is said to be H. T. Huguley, formerly employee of W. C. Newton & Company of Washington. When in Chicago he pretended to be on a wedding trip.

A Blind Bargainer.

Shoppers in one of the big stores down town last Monday day curiously watched the movements of a blind woman at the dress department. She was about 50 years old, her face showing great intelligence and refinement. She was rarely dressed for the street, and a girl about 20 years old accompanied her.

The blind woman examined the fabrics placed before her by passing them through her hands. She depended upon her own sense of touch apparently, for she seldom spoke to her companion, and then only in answer to questions. She appeared to be quite content, and before she made her selection the counter was piled high with patterns of all kinds.

After she had examined a large number of pieces she laid upon the first that attracted her and directed her clerk to buy it. When the clerk had measured it, she turned the length herself by measuring it with her outstretched arms. Satisfactorily satisfied that the piece contained as much as she had bargained for, she took a transfer ticket and went to the counter where trimmings are sold. There she selected the material with which to finish her dress, examining the lace and other delicate fabrics most critically.

After the blind woman had left the store the floor manager said her shopping was not an unusual thing. She was but one of the many blind customers who came into the store regularly. This woman, he said, was not only able to make the nicest discrimination in the matter of trimmings, but so delicate was her touch she could often distinguish colors. He added, however, that she never depended entirely upon her touch in matching shades, but verified her selections with the eyes of the clerk and her companion.—Chicago Tribune.

Nat Goodwin's Opinion.

Nat Goodwin, a long white ago, was invited to a small entertainment, on which occasion he was to read himself imitated by a lesser light.

As a rule, imitations of Mr. Goodwin are said to be despicable from the label to the sinner on the underside of the can, and that the only original package is put up by the Goodwin firm. However, the comedian is always looking for something novel. So he went.

At an early hour the imitation occurred, after which Nat took his hat and a friend's umbrella and staggered out into the night.

Nearly a year had gone by, and the incident of the imitation was almost a memory, when one afternoon Goodwin was introduced to a tall, distinguished and debonaire gentleman, in whose eyes shone the calm light of personal satisfaction.

"Ah!" exclaimed Goodwin, grasping the proffered hand. "Let me see. Hampton—Hampton. Yes, I seem to recall the name. I have it. You are the gentleman who gave an imitation of me last summer."

"I am the same," answered Hampton.

Nat shook his hand again, and, leaning forward, said in an undertone, "Well, one of us must be rotten."—New York Journal.

Encouraging.

She—Will you tell me a secret?
He—Why?
She—They say I can't keep one, and I want to try.—Pick Me Up.

The Italian immigrants who start from Genoa must travel 4,039 knots before reaching the Narrows at New York.

Suspended Operations.

Hamburg, Dec. 1.—Owing to lack of work several warehouse companies have been obliged to suspend operations. There are now 13,000 men out on strike.

Bishop Walker Accepts.

Buffalo, Dec. 1.—Bishop Walker of North Dakota has decided to accept the election of the Episcopal diocesan council as bishop of western New York.

Saloons Legalized.

West Liberty, O., Dec. 1.—Saloons have been legalized here by the repeal of the local option ordinance by council.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally effective for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cad's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in hot condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge.

Eight Hundred Men Employed.

Sanford, Me., Dec. 1.—The big plant of the Sanford Manufacturing company resumed operations after a long shutdown with 800 people.

Two Schooners Dashed Ashore.

Philadelphia, Dec. 1.—During the prevalence of the snow storm the schooners City of Philadelphia and Bertha Warner were dashed ashore.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Itches, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. E. Vorkamp, n. e. corner North and Main sts., Lima.

CONSULAR REPORTS.

INTERESTING INFORMATION FROM OUR AGENTS ASROAD.

New Steamships For the Atlantic Route to Shorten the Passage by Twenty-four Hours - New Docks at Gibraltar - Cotton in Egypt - A New Burner For Petroleum.

Consul Tamy, writing from Belfast, Sept. 4, says:

I have been informed that the president of the Atlantic Transport Steamship company has recently placed an order with the shipbuilding firm of Harland & Wolff of this city for two twin screw steamships of a freight capacity of 10,000 tons each and accommodations for 250 galoon passengers. Each ship is to cost, in round numbers, \$750,000, to be ready for service within a year and to be in all respects equal to the best type of Atlantic liners. The addition of these two fine steamers to the fleet is expected to greatly improve the service and popularize the route, and it is expected that the time from port to port will be reduced 24 hours. This company runs a line of steamers between New York and London and also between Baltimore and London. The stock of the company is owned principally in the United States.

New Docks in Gibraltar.

Under date of Aug. 31 Consul Sprague in his annual report refers as follows to the building of new naval docks in Gibraltar:

The continued increase of the British navy in battleships and cruisers of formidable dimensions is urging upon the government the necessity of establishing without further delay increased docking facilities for their new specimens for naval warfare, not only at home, but in the colonies. Gibraltar has been one of the coaling stations which have already received the earnest attention of the admiralty, owing to its deficiency in dock and other accommodations for the refitting of warships, besides a securing protection from outward attack for the large stock of coal that has to be kept on hand. The construction of these formidable works has already commenced with the employment of about 4,000 workmen of all classes, who are daily kept hard at work under special charge of superintendents sent out from England by the admiralty authorities, who control everything connected with this important undertaking, which is likely to consume at least five years for its completion and an outlay of several millions of pounds sterling.

Prospects For the Cotton Crop of Egypt. Vice Consul General Washington reports from Cairo, Sept. 8:

The present season's cotton crop in Egypt promises to surpass all previous years in quality, judging by the reports received up to date from the provinces. According to the statistics compiled by the finance department, the area under cotton this year amounts to 1,050,000 feddans (a feddan is about the equivalent of an acre), as compared with an area of a little under 1,000,000 feddans last year. Last year's crop is calculated at 5,200,000 kantars (a kantar, 160 pounds), so that on the basis of area alone a crop is expected of about 6,500,000 kantars. In addition to the increased area of cultivation the cotton crop has been favored by the hot, dry weather of the past few weeks, and the result is that generally the plants have borne an abundant crop of peas, these in some districts being described as extraordinarily numerous.

Up to the present there has been no appearance of the worm which caused such alarm last year, its ravages leading to the appointment of a commission to study the question of decreasing the insect.

Several consignments of this season's crop have already reached Alexandria from upper Egypt, and picking has begun to a limited extent in lower Egypt. Four small consignments from the delta were yesterday offered for sale in Alexandria, but buyers refused to pay the price asked.

A New Burner For Petroleum.

Consul Seivier, writing from Glanachau, Germany, Sept. 3, 1896, says:

A new burner for the use of petroleum has been brought to my attention very recently. The news comes from R. Dittmars of Vienna, a prominent firm, who are awaiting the perfection of their invention before putting it before the public. The new burner, by the application of an incandescent body, is said to produce the same beautiful effect as incandescent gas and to be much more economical. The exterior burner differs but slightly from the ordinary petroleum burner. It is its interior mechanism which produces the incandescent light—a yellow, clear, white light of exquisite softness. This effect is obtained from the formation of an extraordinarily intense heat, by which the incandescent body is brought to incandescence, promoting combustion without heating the petroleum fuel or burner and completely exhausting the petroleum, not leaving the most remote trace of unpleasant odor, as is most frequently the case where petroleum is used as light.

American Trade Journal For Japan.

Consul General Melvor of Kanagawa, under date of Aug. 19, 1896, forwards to the department two copies of a memorial prepared and presented by the editor of The Eastern World, a weekly news publication of Yokohama, to the chambers of commerce of New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Tacoma and San Francisco, soliciting their co-operation and aid in the proposed publication in Japan of an American-Japanese trade journal.

Not a Figure of Speech.

We have shown now that the Monroe doctrine is not a figure of speech nor an obsolete policy. Europe is warned against any attempt to practice African land grabbing on this hemisphere. The Venezuelan incident has, in fact, resulted so far most satisfactorily to this nation and Venezuela.—Minneapolis Journal.

A Pleasant Change.

We are glad the war is with Spain this time. We are tired of going to war with Turkey every week or two.—Chicago Post.

MICROBE INSURANCE.

Novel Business Undertaken by a New Company in New York.

One of the most original and most original forms of insurance is a Plumbing and Sanitary Insurance company. It is an insurance against the deadly microbe. If the tenant suspected the sanitary condition of his house he could request experts of the board of health to examine the premises, and their tests would settle the question whether it was safe to live in the house. An order to the landlord to repair plumbing is peremptory, and, if disobeyed, can be followed by the vacating of the premises or the imprisonment of the landlord. The new company proposes to protect both landlord and tenant by periodical visits and tests.

Examinations will be posted in a prominent place just as the tests of elevators and boilers are posted. Nowadays no one dreams of employing an elevator that has not some sign of a moderately recent examination of its condition and safety.

The tests for plumbing are simple and positive. They consist chiefly in forcing smoke or peppermint through the pipes. If any room in the house shows the sign of an odor of smoke or peppermint, it is a positive proof that there is a leak in the pipes, and wherever the smoke can penetrate sewer gas can also get through and do its work.

The antimicrobe company will be prepared to furnish physicians, thereby following the well known custom in vogue in China of paying for medical attendance while one is healthy and stopping the payment when one is sick. The movement is a kind of medical trust or health syndicate.

WEYLER IN THE FIELD.

Even Though Maceo Should Perish the Battle For Freedom Would Not Flag.

General Weyler has at last taken the field. Will he achieve greater success against General Maceo than his predecessors, Garcia, Navarro, Aroas, Bernal, Echaguen and many others? It is doubtful. Some of the generals just referred to are men of greater military ability than Weyler showed himself to be during the Carlist war in the north of Spain.

But even should the renowned Cuban leader meet his death in this struggle, in which all the odds except his superior intelligence are against him, the chances of Spain in Cuba would not be improved.

The Spanish imagine that the death of Maceo means the end of the war. This is a mistake. Maceo's death would certainly be considered by the Cubans as a tremendous misfortune, not because his loss would endanger the struggle for liberty, but because the Cubans adore him.

It was Senor Pi y Margall, Spain's illustrious statesman, who, referring to Jose Maceo's death, wrote: "Other leaders of much greater prominence have died, and the insurrection, far from abating, has waxed stronger. It is not the men, but the ideas that keep up the revolution."

Should Antonio Maceo perish somebody else will take his place. Who? No name needs to be mentioned. The right man will appear when he is needed, and the war will be prolonged until Spain is exhausted and forced to abandon the island, which has become the graveyard of her soldiers.—New York Sun.

MONSTER CLUBHOUSE.

English Conservatives Will Erect a Building to Accommodate 15,000 Members.

The Liberal clubs of London are warring in membership, while Conservative clubs boom. The Constitutional club, which for a long time, though gorgeously fitted up, had a beggarly attendance, is alive. The Conservative managers, believing their position strong enough to try a bigger venture, have entered upon a scheme grander than anything in clubs the world has yet seen.

They are inviting by private circular subscriptions for the erection of a building which is to be adapted to the needs of 15,000 members. This club is to be the focus of all Conservative movements, to have a hall room admitting of the largest gatherings of the party, a theater for lectures or dramatic performances, cheap membership admission and a cheap cuisine. The Carlton, Junior Carlton, Conservative, Junior Conservative and kindred groups will subscribe and patronize, but personally their members hold aloof.—New York Herald.

The Right Sort of Religion.

Mr. Moody seems to have got hold of the nub end of religion. As a general thing religious folk put the cart before the horse, but Mr. Moody has put the horse where he will do most good.

Here, for example, is a solid nugget that is worth looking at a second time. The evangelist was criticizing the cold formalism which produces the "general debility" in our churches. We may as well quote the whole paragraph, for there is enough common sense packed into it to make 40 reasonably diluted sermons:

What is killing our church prayer meetings is that men pray where they have no business to pray. Get your life right first before you come before God in prayer. "Hallelujah!" and "Praise God!" is all right, but I do not want to hear it from any one who does not pay his debts. If you owe a man \$5 and are keeping him out of it, go and pay it to him, if you have to live on bread and water to do it. Don't sneeze around and dodge him. God hates a fraud and a sham. A prayer of a gifted man whose life is not right is like a rocking horse—beautiful in motion, but it makes no progress.—New York Herald.

We are glad the war is with Spain this time. We are tired of going to war with Turkey every week or two.—Chicago Post.

\$100

In Silver Given Away!

AT THE

COLUMBIA SHOE STORE.

Jan. 1st., New Years Day.

See the money in our windows. The key that unlocks the safe gets the money.

One Key for Every Dollar Purchase!

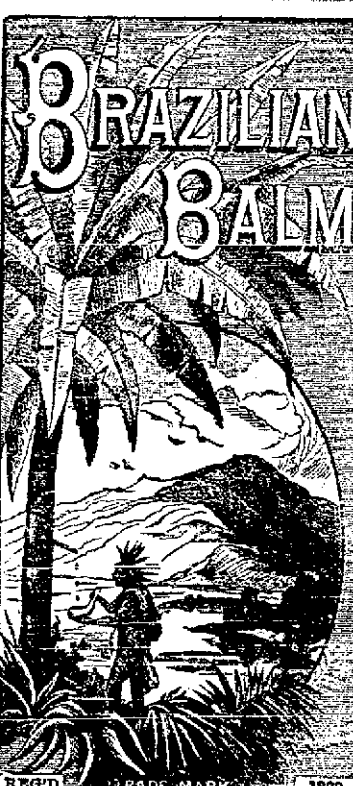
Get your Keys now, they cost you nothing. Get them at our sale this week.

Men's Howard Calf, calf lined \$4 50 Shoes for \$3 50
Men's \$3 Winter Calf Shoes for 2.25
Men's \$4, New Ox Blood, Winter Tans for 3.50
1600 pairs Gents' Heavy Shoes for 98c

1200 Pairs Ladies' \$3.50 Shoes for \$2.50. AAA TO E

Ask to see them, they are bargains. Get your keys now, yours may be the lucky one

COLUMBIA, LEADING SHOE HOUSE, LIMA, OHIO.



Brazilian Balm THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALM

Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe LIKE MAGIC. RADICALLY CURES CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucus; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and dropping in the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes HAY FEVER.

making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the gripple germ and quickly removes all the after bad effect.

INFALLIBLE IN ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPNOEA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID AND SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops itching in the head and relieves distress. As an injection invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lockjaw from wounds. Quick cure for CONSTIPATION and PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence.

50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

\$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—Gen. J. Parker Postles. "In croup, cold and the worst form of gripple we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—Jno. W. S. Booth, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bap. Ch. Boston. "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—Hon. Chas. E. Lore, Chief Jus. of Del. "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—Thos. M. Culbert. "I was very deaf for 20 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—Mrs. John Spollen, Chester, Pa. "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—Judge Edward Woolter. "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—Mrs. J. Galloway, Pittsdown, Pa. "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50-cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—Anson Burrell, aged 87. A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. B. F. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

NO. 54.

East side Public Square. First-class Barbershop, Ladies' and Children's Hairdressers. Special room for ladies' hair dressing. A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

For news read the TIMES-DEMOCRAT, which publishes all the news while it is fresh. The only real newspaper in Lima. Compare it with any other local paper published in Ohio and the verdict will be "The TIMES-DEMOCRAT leads them all." Everybody takes it. Ten cents a week delivered at your supper table six nights a week.

WANTED.

FOR RENT—A large double room on first floor and one on second floor, all nicely furnished with heat. 133 West Wayne street. 83c.

WANTED—A dishwasher, at once. THE HOME RESTAURANT, 124 West High street.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Apply at once of Mrs. J. H. Miller, No. 200 corner West and Spring streets.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Good wages paid. Apply at once to Mrs. C. D. Critter, 512 West North street.

PAINT SHOP For rent in rear of Melly block. Enquire of K. M. MEYER, 22 North West street.

\$5,000 A YEAR DEBUTANTE

Show a Girl by Proper Dress that She Is a Debutante.

What makes a successful debutante? "She is a girl," said the answer, "who is well dressed, and who is well educated, and who is well behaved, and who is well liked, and who is well known, and who is well respected, and who is well loved, and who is well married, and who is well contented, and who is well happy, and who is well successful, and who is well everything." This is the answer to the question of what makes a successful debutante.

The thoroughly civilized debutante is a girl who is well educated, and who is well behaved, and who is well liked, and who is well known, and who is well respected, and who is well loved, and who is well married, and who is well contented, and who is well happy, and who is well successful, and who is well everything. This is the answer to the question of what makes a successful debutante.

"Up to the time of her seventeenth birthday Edythe is allowed to stay at school, and only her general health and bills interest her mother. After this she comes home to stay and is put through a rigid examination. A careful and impartial inventory is taken, not only of her stock of knowledge, but her accomplishments and her capacities.

"First of all she is put into the carriage and driven around to the family physician, who diagnoses the cause of her inferior complexion and outlines a diet. Next in order is not only a visit to both pedicure and manicure and weekly engagements agreed upon, in order that the hands and feet can be massaged, polished and bleached into all possible state of perfection, but a competent authority on hair takes down and inventories the child's tresses, appointments are secured at a well known gymnasium, and finally the dress-maker is called upon.

"This last is not a mere cutter and fitter of garments, but a Parisian artist, who decides whether the girl should dress for picturesque or smart effects, what colors she can and cannot wear, what her waist line ought to be, and whether wide, narrow, high or low hats suit her face.

"After this no hard worked artisan who carries a bed toils for longer hours or with more unremitting vigor than the prospective debutante does under her mother's eye. If her arms are discovered to be thin, she is sent to drive, to fence, to swing dumbbells and even to sweeping vigorously, that the wrists may be strengthened and the forearms rounded out. Once a day a masseuse comes to knead her thin neck into fullness and rub her chest with sheep's wool fat to fill out the hollows made by insufficiently clad collar bones.

"As often as five times a day she eats a dry diet, with beef juice and fruit, if she is overcast, and soiled cream, with hundreds of slices of brown bread and butter, if she is thin. Just as many times her stays are changed to keep her waist supple and lengthen it. And besides swimming and doing gymnastics for a half hour daily she plays croquet from her bicycle at her wheeling club, takes a gallop through the park on horseback and sleeps flat on her back on a hard, pillowless bed. Though she may not have the least voice or taste for music, she gets up early in the morning for a singing lesson.

"This is to give her the proper tone and pronunciation in speech and laughter, or perhaps to correct a tendency to deafness. To bring out a fine suit of hair, her head possibly is shaved clean as a baby's, and the locks are scientifically treated as they grow again. Very much filled teeth are carefully cut off and new ones screwed in as neatly as nature could do it. Violin instruction is instituted merely to give gracious gesticulation. One hour a day the girl goes to bed, to get color in her cheeks. At intervals during the weeks she takes lessons in dancing, embroidery, lacemaking, painting and golfing.

"On Tuesdays she goes to or gives a luncheon. On Saturdays she fills her mother's opera, theater or concert box with chosen young people for the matinee. She is also obliged to join several charitable societies, attend church regularly, read an assortment of the latest very proper French and English novels, look over the magazines, get the names of new authors by heart at least, adopt some species of dog, practice note writing and conversation under maternal tutelage, and with a companion speak French, and nothing but French, the rest of the time.

"Of course you couldn't possibly do it, exclusive of clothes, on less than \$5,000 for the year of training."

—Boston Globe.

Did Not Keep It.

G. F. D. writes to us from Kansas City: Searching in St. Louis for a "de luxe" copy of "Triby," I called at the largest and oldest establishment in that city, and, on asking if they had a copy, received the answer: "We have Du Maurier's 'Triby,' but do not keep Deluxes." This is almost as bad as the inquiry for an epidemic (academic) dictionary which startled a Kansas City bookseller. —Critic.

HER NAVAL CAPTURE.

It was unmistakably the figure of an American girl that peeped eagerly through the narrow streets in the outskirts of the little city of Horta, on the island of Fayal, in the Azores. To the donkey boy who puffed along behind, as well as to the astonished beast himself, this lively pace was as foreign as their fair haired mistress.

Dorothy Scott had been to the top of a neighboring hill to watch the sun rise over sea, valley, mountain and volcano peaks, and beautiful they were, bathed in a glory of color. Nature has given men few fairer sights than that to be had from this very hill on this dot of an island in the mid-Atlantic.

Dorothy's father, an American naturalist, had come to the Azores for a summer's collecting, and had left his invalid wife and his 16-year-old daughter at the little hotel at Horta while he explored other islands of the Azores. So Dorothy, left to go about alone, traversed town and country roads with all the enthusiasm and freedom of a wide awake American girl, little dreaming with what breathless wonder her independent movements were studied by the imprisoned Portuguese girls who peeped at her through balcony lattices or over garden gates.

It was still early morning, and drowsy Horta had hardly waked when Dorothy clattered up on her donkey to the gate of an old convent, dismounted and entered. In ruins now, and abandoned by its former occupants, the crumbling structure still sheltered a score or so of old women, the city's poor. Dorothy, who had spent many hours sketching the picturesque ruins, made her way through stone arched passages to the square, open court within, passed down an untenanted corridor and reached a corner where she had been sketching the day before. Gathering her materials together, she turned a little, when a flutter of something white in one of the cells caught her eye.

She stepped curiously up to the door and peered into the darkness, but quickly drew back, startled and breathless. There, staring back at her, with eyes as big and frightened as her own, was the face of a boy.

The stranger was tall and slight and wore a white suit, a sailor's, evidently, with an open throat tied with a blue knot. A white cap pushed back from the forehead disclosed a crop of curly hair. Something familiar about his face made Dorothy falter out, after the first frightened gasp: "Why, yes, I do believe you are an American! Or—don't you understand English?" she added faintly, as at her first words the boy backed farther into the dark cell.

For a moment there was no answer. The boy still seemed thoroughly scared and glanced about as though seeking some chance of escape, but Dorothy's position in the doorway blocked the only exit. As there seemed to be no alternative, he said sullenly, "Yes, I do."

"But how did you ever get here?" she questioned eagerly.

"How did you?" said the boy. "Oh, my mother and I are spending the summer here," Dorothy explained shortly. "But you are in sailor's clothes, and no American ship has been here for a month."

"Yes, there has," he replied. "One put in this morning."

"Truly? It's queer I didn't see it from the hill! But perhaps it's just a whaling vessel?"

"No," grinned the boy. "No whaling vessel in this shape." He glanced down at his jaunty suit. Then his face relaxed into its former sullenness as he went on: "I may as well make a clean breast of it, now you've seen me here. It's the American schoolship Victory that has put into port for a couple of days. Eighty of us fellows have just come ashore for today, and as many are allowed off tomorrow. My name is Theodore Blake. I am a first year cadet, and I'm—"

"What are you doing here in the convent then?" interrupted Dorothy. "Oh, I crowded in through a break in the wall behind a hedge; thought it was a garden, and I could hide here till night and then get away. But I'm blessed if I want to stay in this spookish, rotten old place all day!"

"But why are you hiding? Are you in some scrape?"

"No. I've just got out of the biggest scrape I was ever in—that is, I guess I've got out, if you don't go and tell. I won't go back to that abominable old hulk again if I die for it! It's nothing but grind all day and half the night, whether you're sick or not!"

The boy's thin cheeks seemed to show that his sickness had been no sham.

"Mother was set on having me in the navy," he went on. "Got my appointment all right, and I entered in May. We had only a few weeks of drill before starting on the summer's cruise, and we first year cadets are treated no better than com-

mon sailors. I've had a month of it, and that's enough. I can't resign while I'm on a cruise, so I'll hide on the island till the ship sails and then put myself in the hands of the American consul and get sent home. I guess mother'll be satisfied then that I've no taste for the navy!"

Quite overcome by this startling disclosure, Dorothy sank down on her sketch stool and gazed at him in open concern.

"Aren't you afraid? It seems a dreadful thing to do! Why, you would be what they call a 'deserter,' wouldn't you?" she inquired.

"I suppose so," he answered doggedly, but flushing in spite of himself at this word of disgrace. "Anyway, I'd rather be called even a 'traitor' than go back!"

"It seems to me 'deserter' sounds about as bad as 'traitor,'" observed Dorothy.

"Oh, well, it's all up with me now. You're a girl, and you'll ground tell, and that's the end of it!"

"I shan't tell, even if I am a girl!" she retorted. "All girls aren't tattlers, and I'm sure it's none of my business if you want to go and be a deserter or any other awful thing!" With an offended glance she turned to leave him, but relented at the sight of his doleful countenance.

"It must be pretty bad, though," she said, "to make you want to run away."

"It is! It's a slave's life, and if I've got to be just a common scrub I prefer to work on dry land. All that talk about the 'glory and honor' of the life is rubbish. I've tried it. They won't miss me till they go aboard tonight at sunset. But if they should catch me tomorrow I'd be locked in the brig for a week on bread and water!"

Though she had no idea what the "brig" was, this sounded very impressive and terrible to Dorothy. What a brave fellow he must be to attempt escape in the face of such punishment! And yet there seemed something decidedly questionable about the sort of courage that led him to run away from disagreeable duty rather than stay and face it. Nor could she admit that he was exactly her ideal of brave young America as he sat in a dejected heap at the far side of the dark little cell.

"If I had a brother," she began slowly, her eyes fixed steadily on the resentful face before her, "if I had a brother, I think I should want him to be either a soldier or a sailor. And if he were in the navy and got to be an officer, how proud I should be! To have your own brother really helping to protect your country, how safe it would make you feel!"

"But," she went on sympathetically, "if you are sick all the time, I don't wonder you hate it. The American consul here is a real nice old man. I know him, and I'll tell him just how you feel, and I'm sure he will help you. But," she continued, with a sad little smile, "I am disappointed, for all summer since I've been here I have been watching these Portuguese boys and girls, and they don't seem half so nice as ours. The girls just sit around and don't have any fun, and the boys act so stupid and lazy I want to shake them. I've been wishing they could come over to America and see our boys, and now I just hate to have them know that there is a single one who isn't brave and loyal and true to his flag."

Silence followed this somewhat choky but earnest confession. The boy sat with his chin stolidly buried in his hands.

Suddenly a movement in the court startled them both, and, glancing through the broad arch behind her, Dorothy saw the bent figures of some of the old women, evidently returning from early mass.

"Keep way back in the dark," she whispered hurriedly, while folding up her stool, "and don't move, or they will see you. I'll come back after breakfast and bring you something to eat. Goodbye."

Dorothy retraced her steps to the patient donkey at the gate and rode straight to an opening whence she could get a view of the harbor. There, sure enough, with sails furled, swinging lazily with the warm summer breeze, lay the Victory, and from its stern floated the most beautiful flag in all the world.

"I didn't know I should ever feel so worked up over a sight of that darling flag!" Dorothy exclaimed, fairly dancing in her saddle. "I must tell mother!"

As she turned back to the main street she found the place alive with the white sails and sunburned faces of American sailor boys. The old town was roused from its comfortable slumber by light hearted, strong bodied youth turned loose for a holiday. Up and down the streets they marched, their rolling gait assumed if not yet acquired, chatting with delight at being ashore and bursting into a hearty cheer at sight of the stars and stripes above the consul's office.

Here and there were stragglers deep in the deliriums of being let loose, just received. Some had invaded the tiny shops in search of Fayal baskets or linen for home friends, and others

were harrassing for fruit and dandy rides. Dorothy, almost torn asunder in the conflict between her desire to greet each countryman and her efforts to preserve proper decorum, hastened to the hotel and burst into the breakfast room. But here a still greater surprise awaited her. She shyly drew back as she beheld her mother seated at the head of a long table, on her gentle face a little flush of excitement, while lining the table were two rows of jolly sailor lads.

Pointing to a seat left vacant for Dorothy, Mrs. Scott soon put them all at ease. They fell to with a will, and "shore food" vanished at an alarming rate. After the first shyness wore off and tongues were loosened Mrs. Scott drew from one and another bits of their history, home life and plans, and her kindly interest in their boyish confidences staid with them longer than she guessed, for even sailors' manly hearts yearn now and then for a "mother talk," and those who love it best die bravest for their flag.

Dorothy, regaled with stirring tales of sea life, had wished herself a boy a dozen times before the meal was over, and when at last she was free to slip away with the promised lunch for the lad lurking in the old convent there was but one thought in her mind—a resolve to dissuade the deserter from his attempt.

All the boys she had talked with seemed to glory in their life. The bracing sea air would overcome flabby muscles and thin blood, just as the tough experiences would strengthen his weak will, and by the time she had reached the convent her friendly heart had launched him forth on a career of noble seamanship which could have led to nothing short of an admiral's berth.

But alas! When she softly spoke his name at the cell door, there was no answer. She pushed in and peered about. The room was empty. He was gone. Had he been frightened out of his uncanny hiding place or, tired of waiting and hungry, had he stolen away and made sure of his escape from her unwelcome counsel and his own honest duty? Soberly and slowly she walked back to the hotel.

Late that night the custom house guards and fishermen lounging on the quay were startled from their drowsy talk by a boyish figure in white which brushed past them and hurried to the end of the wharf. His clothes were dusty and stained, he breathed heavily, and the eyes that glanced anxiously out over the black water to the ship lying so quietly on its bosom were big with fear.

Yes; there were still lights shining out from the captain's portholes. Oh, if he could only report to him and not to that stern, pitiless executive officer!

He turned and gazed back past the group of men and the sleeping city to the hills from whence an unconquerable impulse had driven him, but where still lay the escape for which he longed. But then returned the words which had been ringing in his ears all day—from them there was no escape—"brave and loyal and true to his flag!" Should he be that single one who proved unfaithful?

A flush covered his thin cheeks, and following his last and best impulse he turned quickly to the men and was soon seated in the stern of a little boat which was taking him to a punishment honestly deserved, but bravely met.

As the boat swung up alongside the ship a figure leaned over the railing above and the officer of the deck called out:

"Is that Cadet Blake?"

"Aye, aye, sir!" answered Theodore, stepping quickly up the gangway and saluting.

"A trifle late, sir!" sneered the officer. "The captain left orders that if you returned tonight you should report immediately to him."

"Aye, aye, sir!" Saluting again, the boy turned, with a thankful heart, toward his captain's quarters. A punishment, softened a little by the captain's compassion for the boy's thin cheeks and haunted, weary look, was meted out to him, and patriotism resumed its sway in his heart.

It was no wonder that the next morning when, seated proudly in the stern of the captain's gig in company with the American consul, Dorothy approached the Victory to pay her first visit to a schoolship she was astonished at beholding the face of her "deserter" beaming down at her from over the bulging side of the great vessel, nor that her astonishment changed into utter bewilderment when, after a delightful hour spent in being shown about the ship, she stepped on the gangway to descend into the gig which waited to take them ashore, the captain of the Victory, with a twinkle in his kindly eyes, bowed low and saluted her as "a follow officer."

"For," he explained, "some of our greatest naval captures have been made on dry land."

Then she knew that Cadet Blake had told him the whole story.—Grace E. Johnson in Youth's Companion.

Get Your Christmas Gifts Free

Many thousands dollars worth of valuable articles suitable for Christmas gifts for the young and old, are to be given to smokers of Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco. You will find one coupon inside each

two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

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There are many good women

And many wise ones—wives, daughters, aunts, cousins, nieces of yours. You will be surprised how many of these women are using the

Majestic Steel Range

Make inquiries and if you find one of these users who wants to change, write us a letter. If you find every user of the Majestic willing to recommend the Range, will it not prove to you that you should have one.

If you are thinking of buying a Cook Stove, before buying make this investigation.

HOOVER BROS. AGENTS

PISO'S For Consumption CURE

For the last 20 years we have kept Piso's Cure for Consumption in stock, and would sooner think a groceryman could get along without sugar in his store than we could without Piso's Cure. It is a sure seller.—RAVEN & CO., Druggists, Ceresco, Michigan, September 2, 1896.

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Sometimes needs a reliable, month's regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drug should be used. If you want the best, get
Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills
They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, 60c. Address: West Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, O.
SOLD BY WM. MELVILLE, OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

A red sunset indicates a clear day on the morrow, as it shows that the air in the west, from which direction rain most frequently comes, is devoid of moisture.

Horush of Algiers was famous among his subjects as the Red Beard. A Moor with red hair and beard was a great curiosity.

Glad Tidings
The grand specific for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, Constipation, General Debility, etc., is Bacon's Celery King for the Nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the Liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Samples free. Large packages 60c and 25c. Sold only by Wm. M. Melville.

Rhododendrons
Several species of the rhododendrons have the singular peculiarity of producing a poisonous honey. Chemists have repeatedly examined the flower, but have not detected the poisonous principle, which appears to be only developed after the bees have manufactured the juices of the flower into honey.

"For three years I suffered from Salt rheum. It covered my hands to such an extent that I could not wash them. Two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured me." Little Young, Popes Mills, St. Lawrence County, N. Y.

For Pneumonia.
Dr. J. C. Bishop, of Agnew, Mich., says: "I have used Peal's Honey and Tar in three very severe cases of pneumonia the past month, with good results." H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts.

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KELLY SHOWER BATH RING AND Hot Water Proof Hose.
Prevents Wetting the Head and Floor.

\$2 EXPRESS 25c. AD.

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THOS. KELLY & BROS.,
209 Madison Street, Chicago

Piles! Piles! Piles!
Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure a Bilious, Reticent, Ulcerated and Itching Pile. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a purgative, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles; a trifling of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 25c and \$1 per box, WILLIAMS' PILE OINTMENT, 200 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

A Blessing For the Ladies.

Thousands of ladies are using Brazilian Balm. For soreness, pain, bearing down and many kinds of trouble, it acts like a charm. A 50 cent or dollar bottle often does more good in one week than any other remedy does in months. It goes right to the spot, removing all inflammation. Mrs. Geo. W. Roberts, of Wilmington, Del., says, "A strong solution of Brazilian Balm was done in more good than all the remedies and prescriptions I ever tried."

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STERLING SILVER THIMBLE!

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Regular price is 50c, we want you to see our Holiday Goods.

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- ☐ much money, either. Brand new goods, latest styles. Come in and look at them, at
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COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been or Are Going

S. S. Snyder, of Ada, was in the city last evening.

W. J. Mooney, of St. Marys, was in Lima this morning.

Mrs. W. K. Van DeGrift, of west North street, is visiting her parents in Sidney.

Miss Clara Delaney, of Toledo, is the guest of Miss Malloy, of north Main street.

Mrs. J. F. Benz and son Walter, of north Main street, are visiting with friends in Akron.

M. J. Callahan, of the Buckeye Pipe Line company, went to Cincinnati this morning.

Miss C. DeLaney, of Toledo, who has been visiting her aunt in St. Marys and Miss Malloy, of Lima, returned home today.

Carl and Fred Schnabel returned this morning to their home in Fort Wayne, after a visit with their Lima relatives and friends.

Miss Iva Robinson has returned to her home in Cridersville after a pleasant visit with Miss Bessie Cassidy, of west McKibben street.

F. J. Messman, of Marion, Ohio, was here today, the guest of A. H. Klinger, local manager of the Singer sewing machine company.

QUARTERLY DISTRIBUTION.

The Soldiers' Relief Committee recommends Aid to Sixty-eight Persons

The Soldiers' Relief Committee, consisting of Daniel Harpster, Jos Long and L. Reichelderfer, was in session this morning examining the list of those persons reported as needy, and reported the following number of persons from each township, and the amount that is recommended to be given them:

Marietta township.	Persons.	Am't.
Richland	1	\$10
German	1	30
Spencer	1	25
Ames	1	17
Bath	1	17
Jackson	1	12
Angeline	1	21
Shawnee	1	21
Lima	21	50
Totals	68	\$293

Do You

wish to see around the world? Then go to Main St. Presbyterian church Friday evening, Dec. 4th. Admission, 10 and 15 cents.

Moser & Williams,
Funeral Directors.

Cat Fish

at Finkle's fish stand, No. 228 south Main street, 4c a pound, 1 pound for 35c

TURKEY ARRESTED.

Nannie Shobe Claims That Jacob Breese is a Papa

This afternoon Jacob Breese, turkey at the county jail, was taken into the prison room on an errand, and while there the key was turned and he was a prisoner.

Breese is charged by Nannie Shobe, of Race avenue, with being the father of her unborn child.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

The east end Pedro Club will meet with Mr. and Mrs. Asa Catt this evening.

James Noonan, an aged resident of north Metcalf street who was taken ill a few days ago, is rapidly getting worse and is now in a precarious condition.

Trinity Auxiliary of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society will hold the regular work meeting to-morrow, at the home of Miss Coos on west Market street.

Mrs. John O'Maley, of north West street, who has been confined to her bed for several months, suffering from cancer, has been unconscious for the past few days, and her death is only a question of a few days.

Rev. Jno. L. Bates, who has been confined to his home on west Kibby street for several months past on account of ill health, has been rapidly sinking for the past few days, and his death is expected at any time.

Michael Beza, an engineer at the electric light station, who has been laid up for some time at his home on north West street, from blood poisoning, caused by a bruise he received on one of his arms, has suffered a relapse and is in a dangerous condition.

The following officers for the Lima Encampment No. 62, I. O. O. F., will be installed the first regular meeting night in January: Wilbur Fisk, C. P.; William Schultz, H. P.; Henry Van Ganten, S. W.; B. F. Eagle, J. W.; L. W. Walther, Scribe; S. J. Lober, Treasurer; J. J. Nash, H. Egeeder and T. J. Moore, Trustees; Andy Warner, of Ohio Encampment, for representative to the Grand Encampment, received the unanimous vote of the Ohio Encampment and the Lima Encampment.

STREET TALK.

Allen Lodge No. 223, I. O. O. F., held an election Friday night, and the following officers were chosen for the term commencing January 1:

Noble Grand, J. W. Weaver; Vice Grand, W. S. Watts; Recording Secretary, W. A. Kincaide; Financial Secretary, J. M. Tinkham; Treasurer, H. C. Bolten; Trustees—J. B. Watts, three years; E. W. Mummaugh, two years; George Furlong, one year.

The Lima Dancing Club

Will give its first dance in Music Hall Friday, Dec. 4th. Instruction in the latest dances from 7:30 to 9 by Prof. Clark. Regular dance, 9 to 12. Positively no improper characters admitted. Admission, 50c for the evening.

G. A. R. Meeting.

Attention, War Armistice Post, No. 202. Regular meeting and election of officers Wednesday night, December 2d. A full attendance is desired. T. W. DOBINS, Adj't.

C. G. VOOLZ, Post Commander.

NECK BROKEN.

Charles Ashton Instantly Killed This Morning.

RUN DOWN BY A TRAIN.

Was Driving Across the C. & E. Track at the Shawnee Road Crossing and was Struck by an East Bound Fast Freight Train.

Charles Ashton, an employee of the Solar Refining company, was run down by an east bound fast freight train on the C. & E. at the Shawnee road crossing early this morning and was instantly killed. The fatal accident was witnessed by several railroad men and one of the victim's most intimate friends. The unfortunate man only realized his danger the instant that he was killed.

The accident occurred about 7:05 o'clock. Ashton was employed as a driver for the Solar Refining Co., and it had been his duty for the past year and a half to drive from the refinery to the city each morning with a large side-eated wagon in which the employees in the refinery offices were hauled to and from their work. After making this trip in the early morning, he drove a smaller wagon and hauled the mail, express packages and other small articles of freight to and from the plant. This morning, as usual, Ashton walked to the stables at the refinery and after hitching a team to the passenger wagon, left the stables immediately after 7 o'clock. As he turned from the Solar driveway

INTO THE SHAWNEE ROAD

and headed his team toward the city, east-bound fast freight train No. 90 on the C. & E. was seen by operator Dilly and several other men in the M. Q. tower, approaching at a high rate of speed. As both train and the driver neared the road crossing Ashton was seen checking his team, but only for a second, and then he urged the horses forward again. Clint Hover, who had been sitting in the upper room of the signal tower waiting for Ashton to come along so that he could ride to the city, saw the team start ahead the second time, and thinking that Ashton intended crossing the track ahead of the train, descended the stairs and upon stepping out in front of the tower he was horrified to see that Ashton's team was just stepping upon the track and the iron monster was bearing down upon them, but a few yards away, and approaching at a terrific speed. Still the driver sat quietly upon the wagon seat, apparently

UNCONSCIOUS OF ANY DANGER.

A cry of horror and warning went up from the throat of almost every one of the several persons who were gazing spell-bound upon the scene. There was another instant of suspense. Ashton gave one frightened look of intelligence toward the huge mogul locomotive that he could have touched with his hands—and the crash came. Clint Hover, who was still standing in front of the signal tower, some forty or fifty feet from the road crossing, saw Ashton's body hurled toward him with terrific force. He dodged aside, and the unfortunate driver's body struck an iron ladder which reaches from the ground up to the block signal boards of the tower, and then fell limp and lifeless at Hover's feet. Mr. Hover raised his friend's head and rested it upon his arm, and the railroad men quickly brought cushions to make a temporary cot for the unfortunate; but Ashton only gasped once or twice for breath, and all was over. Death had claimed its victim instantly.

The train which ran Ashton down was one of the fast main trains which pass through here every morning. It was in charge of Conductor J. H. Johnston and Engineer Shindler, with engine 717. The approach to M. Q. tower from the west is down-grade for half a mile or more, and the engine

WAS NOT WORKING STEAM

when it neared the crossing, consequently it made but little noise and Ashton evidently did not hear it. A west-bound local freight train, in charge of Conductor Al Johnston, was standing on a passing track immediately east of the tower, the crew having held the train there in the "clear," waiting for No. 90 to pass. Ashton probably heard the engine of No. 90 whistle, but after he turned his team into the Shawnee road he directed his attention to the train occupying the passing track. When he checked his team, those who saw him supposed that he realized that the fast train was approaching, but it is evident that he was only watching the local train on the passing track.

The pilot on engine 717 struck the wagon at the front wheels and divided the vehicle into two parts. The front wheels were hurled against the west side of the signal tower, which stands on the north side of the track, and the rear wheels and bed of the vehicle were thrown some distance along the south side of the main track. The horses were freed from the vehicle the instant the collision occurred, and neither animal was seriously injured. One horse ran to the city, and the other found its way back to the refinery stables.

Grosjean's ambulance and Coroner Steuber were summoned, and were

(Continued on Fifth Page)

MURDER

Charged Against Laura Stumbaugh and John Dolan.

THE BODY OF AN INFANT

Unearthed Last Evening by Detective Blaize and Coroner Steuber—The Prisoners Plead Not Guilty to the Charge.

Mrs. Laura Stumbaugh, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Olinger, of 540 St. Johns avenue, and John Dolan, a passenger fireman employed on the L. E. & W. railroad, were arrested last night upon the charge of having murdered an infant child, of which the prisoners are the alleged parents. The body of the infant was found by Detective Wilson Blaize and Coroner L. J. Steuber about 4 o'clock last evening, buried beneath a pig pen at the rear of the Olinger residence. The child's mother was arrested soon after the remains of the child were unearthed, and Dolan was arrested in a barber shop on south Main street about 8 o'clock by Detective Blaize and Constable Wm. Mummaugh.

Detective Blaize has been working on this case for about two weeks, but until last evening did not secure evidence sufficient to justify making the arrests. The Stumbaugh woman is a grass widow. She claims that for about a year she has been keeping company with Dolan and that he is the father of the child. When first questioned by Detective Blaize she denied having killed the infant, but claimed that the child was dead when born. Blaize informed her that he had evidence to prove that she had

CHOKED THE CHILD TO DEATH,

whereupon she declared that Dolan had told her to kill the child, and she gave the detective letters which she claimed to have received from Dolan before the birth of the child, and in which she claimed there was proof of her accusation concerning Dolan's having procured her to murder the babe.

Yesterday Blaize ascertained that the babe's remains were buried under a pig pen, and after informing Coroner Steuber of the case he and the coroner directed the woman's father to unearth the remains. At first Olinger denied any knowledge of the babe, but afterwards stated that he had found the body in the vault under an outhouse, and had buried it. He then took a shovel and digging to a depth about two feet beneath the floor of the pig pen he

UNERTHED THE REMAINS

of a well formed male infant, wrapped in old piece of rag carpet. The child was born on or about the first November, but the body was still in a fair state of preservation.

Coroner Steuber took charge of the body and took it to Moser & Williams undertaking establishment. He then placed the mother under arrest and took her to Justice Atmure's court where affidavits were immediately prepared and signed by Detective Blaize, charging the woman with having murdered her child and charging Dolan with having procured the woman to commit the murder.

Both the woman and Dolan wanted legal advice before pleading to the charge of murder. Attorney Motter was summoned by Dolan and Attorney Williamson by the woman.

PLEAS OF NOT GUILTY

were entered to the charges, and both were sent to the county jail to await a preliminary hearing which was set for this afternoon. The woman wept bitterly, but Dolan seemed unconcerned, and other than denying the charge, would make no statement concerning his knowledge of the case.

This morning at 11:30 o'clock Coroner Steuber and Drs. Collins, Hiser and Rice held a post mortem examination over the remains of the babe, at Moser & Williams' undertaking establishment, and arrived at the conclusion that the babe was alive when born, but could not determine what had caused death.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the preliminary hearing was commenced before Justice Atmure in the lower court room at the court house. The court room was crowded to its utmost capacity, and the case is developing intense public interest.

The first witness examined was Adolph Emlich, who boards at the Olinger home. He testified that on the morning of November 3 the Stumbaugh woman's sister sent him to the outhouse to see what was down there. He saw the babe's leg in the vault and saw blood stain. The next time he visited the place the body was gone. Witness said that the pig pen was built after the body was buried.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the preliminary hearing was still in progress and Detective Blaize was on the witness stand.

If You Know

Rev. P. Biggs was to lecture in Grace church to-morrow night, you'd hear him. "Marriage, or Fifty Suggestions to the Matrimonially Inclined."

Don't Forget the Dance

At Music Hall, Friday evening, Dec. 4th. Admission, 50c.

Announcement Extraordinary.

ADOLPH FOX

Begs to announce that his stock for the approaching Holiday Season has been selected with the utmost care as to style and quality, and is complete in the extreme.

**INTENDING XMAS SHOPPERS
ARE INVITED TO INSPECT HIS
IMMENSE ASSORTMENT BEFORE
MAKING PURCHASES.**

This season's goods are charming and we offer a

Selection Unequaled In Lima.

For the convenience of our customers and friends we will keep our store open every evening until Xmas, until 9 o'clock.

ADOLPH FOX,

224 N. Main St.

JEWELER.

THE RAILROADS.

Chief Clerk Shoemaker, of the C. H. & D., Promoted.

IS NOW THE ASSISTANT

Superintendent of the D. & M. Division—History of His Railroad Life—Other Railroad News of Local Interest.

In the world of railroading an employee's ability is recognized and appreciated by those above him in authority. Probably in no other profession does the qualifications or the abilities form such an important part in the line of promotion as it does in railroading, and but few mistakes are made in advancing men from lower to higher positions.

Advancement is sometimes slow, but it is certain to come to those who possess the necessary qualifications. Since Superintendent Floeter took charge of the D. & M. division of the C. H. & D. his office has been crowded with work and he has had more to do than he himself could conveniently accomplish. Yesterday afternoon a bulletin, issued by Supt. S. B. Floeter and approved by General Supt. R. B. Turner, announced that Mr. W. C. Shoemaker had been appointed Assistant Superintendent of the Dayton and Michigan division, with headquarters at Lima.

In his new work he will be associated with and under the direction of Superintendent Floeter. The position which Mr. Shoemaker now assumes is one that is more lucrative than his former position as chief clerk, and at the same time is one to which more responsibility is attached. It places him in the direct line of promotion, and his many friends predict for him still more advancement as time evolves the necessary changes.

Mr. Shoemaker is a gentleman of pleasing manners and is popular with all the employees with whom he comes in contact in the discharge of his official duties. His new duties as yet have not been assigned, but for a time he will remain at the office, but later on he will be out on the road a good part of the time. In his new duties he will in no manner disappoint his superiors.

Mr. Shoemaker is 27 years old and a native of Pennsylvania, having been born in the anthracite coal regions. He attended the common schools and graduated from the Reading high school. For four years he was a student in the Lehigh University and graduated with the degree of civil engineer. He has seen service in civil engineering, railroad reconnaissance and in the preliminary survey in the location of railroad lines.

He experienced two or three years of actual experience in railroad construction, principally with the Wheeling & Lake Erie. He came with the C. H. & D. in 1913 and started in the department of the maintenance of way. He soon afterwards went into the transportation department at Cincinnati. About one year ago he came to Lima to take the chief clerkship under Supt. Husted and retained the same position under Supt. Floeter until he received his new appointment yesterday.

Mr. Shoemaker certainly has the congratulations and well wishes of his many friends. The chief clerkship at present is

unfilled, but it will probably be tendered Mr. Welles, who at present is an efficient clerk in the superintendent's office.

NOTES.

Storekeeper Axline, of the C. H. & D., is laying off on account of sickness.

Lima Lodge No. 200, B. of B. T., will elect officers next Sunday afternoon.

The C. H. & D. has 147 locomotives and 95 percent are in condition for service.

Traveling Engineer Frank Miller, of the C. H. & D., was in the city this morning, and went north on No. 2.

The C. & E. is putting in a side-track for the Hercules Turpedo Co., just west of the Spencerville road crossing, about two miles west of the city. The yard limit is to be extended west of this switch.

George R. Haskell, who has been in the service of the Lima Northern as a conductor, has been promoted to the office of assistant general superintendent. Mr. Haskell is a thorough railroad man and worthy of the promotion.

While examining one of the Lake Shore passenger trains at LaPorte, coming in from the west, a trainman found a number of hens roosting on the bars underneath the car. Where they got on is a mystery, but it is supposed they came all the way from Chicago.

TESTIMONIALS

From Citizens of Pennsylvania who Have Been Cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

Mr. W. W. Spillen, drug clerk, with J. W. McConnell, Parnassus, Pa., says: "I was out all one night last winter and contracted a severe cold. I was so hoarse for a week I could hardly speak. Knowing how well customers of our store spoke of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, I concluded to try it. One-half of a bottle cured me entirely."

J. A. Van Valkin, Hughesville, Pa., says: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has proven so valuable that I do not hesitate to recommend it to anyone."

Dr. F. Winger, Ephrata, Pa., says: "Mr. J. D. Kline, a cigar maker of this place, reports a complete cure of his cough with a 50 cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy after he had tried others which had failed." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Melville, the druggist, old post-office corner. C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Homeseekers' Excursions West and South.

Apply to nearest passenger or ticket agent of Pennsylvania Lines for any desired information on the subject, or address E. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa. Low rates open to all.

B. H. OYER, Agent, Lima, O.

The person who disturbed the congregation last Sunday by coughing is requested to call on H. F. Vorkamp, D. E. cor Main and North sts., and get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar, which always gives relief.

Don't Forget the Dance

At Music Hall, Friday evening, Dec. 4th. Admission, 50c.